								1		
Geome	try Regent	s Lomac 2015-201	6 Da	ate <u>5/17</u>	due <u>5/18</u>		Circles: Tangents and Radi	i 10.8R		
Name					Per					
LO:	l can solv	e problems involvin	g tangen	its and ra	adii.					
	IOW C	In the back of this p	acket							
<u> </u>	Circles: o Use the w between the http://tube adius	chord and diamete vebsite link for 10.8 tangents and radii. e.geogebra.org/m/F	r relation (see belo nwM8zdI	nship ow or use <u>D?doneu</u>	e the QR code	e at right) to inve n%2Fperform%	estigate the relationship 2Fsearch%2Ftangent%2Br			
	Let's u what hap	use what we learned in 8.8 about chords and diameters to see pens when we translate the chord to the edge of the circle.								
		Circle your choice		•	•	C C	R			
		\overline{WT}	secant	tangen	t		o]•		
		$\overline{W'T'}$	secant	tangen	t					
		$\overline{W^{"}T^{"}}$	secant	tangen	t					
		$\overline{W} = T$	secant	tangen	t		Slide the chord			
	🗌 (b) Determine whethe	er each st	tatement	is true or fals	e. Circle your c	hoice.			
		$\overline{WT} \perp \overline{RS}$	true	false						
		$\overline{W'T'} \perp \overline{RS}$	true	false						
		$\overline{W"T"} \perp \overline{RS}$	true	false						
		$\overline{W'''T'''} \perp \overline{RS}$	true	false						
	\Box (c) The TANGENT RADIUS THEOREM states that when a radius (\overline{OR}) intersects a tangent line									
		at the point of tan	gency, th	ne radius	and tangent	are	(which me	eans they		
		form	_ angles	.) Mark tł	he diagram w	ith this informat	tion.	s		



(2) Here is a way to justify the relationship:

For the diagram below, label each arc and angle with its measure. Justify your answer.



230	Lin	e segment AB is tangent to circle O at A . Which					
	typ	type of triangle is always formed when points A, B,					
	and	O are connected?					
	1	right					
	2	obtuse					
	3	scalene					
	4	isosceles					

(4)

(3)

231 Tangents \overline{PA} and \overline{PB} are drawn to circle O from an external point, P, and radii \overline{OA} and \overline{OB} are drawn. If $m \angle APB = 40$, what is the measure of $\angle AOB$? 1 140° 2 100° 3 70° 4 50°



(6)

(5)

6) Find the measure of the radius of the circle.



(7) \overline{KJ} is tangent to $\bigcirc M$ at J (not drawn to scale). Find the length of the radius r, to the nearest tenth.



[A] 18.9 [B] 9.4 [C] 10.8 [D] 19.7

(8)

374 In the diagram below, \overline{PA} and \overline{PB} are tangent to circle O, \overline{OA} and \overline{OB} are radii, and \overline{OP} intersects the circle at C. Prove: $\angle AOP \cong \angle BOP$



(9) \overline{AD} is tangent to both circles in the figure (not drawn to scale). If BA = 9, AD = 23, and CD = 17, find the length of \overline{BC} to the nearest tenth.



(10) Exit Ticket

ON THE LAST PAGE

	(1	1				
calculator						

) Homework

(1) Find the measure of the radius



(2) Find the radius measure given: $m\overline{CB} = 10$, $m\overline{AB} = 6$



(3) 233 In the diagram below of $\triangle PAO$, \overline{AP} is tangent to circle O at point A, OB = 7, and BP = 18.



What is the length of \overline{AP} ?

- 1 10
- 2 12
- 3 17
- 4 24

(11) Homework

(4) Review: Describe and sketch each step of a composition of transformations that will map BEST to LUCK.



Exit Ticket	Name	Date) Per_	10.8R
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The LO (Learning Outcomes) are written below your name on the front of this packet. Demonstrate your achievement of these outcomes by doing the following:

(1) Label the side or angle with the question mark "x" and find the measure of x.





8 DO NOW Name_

Date _____ Per__

(1) Write a transformation function that will map each preimage to its image.





